

Guidance document for processing PM-JAY packages

Cone Biopsy

Procedures covered/ count: 1

Specialty: Obstetrics & Gynecology

Package name	Procedure name	HBP 2.0 code	HBP 2022 code	Package price (INR)
Cone Biopsy	Cone Biopsy	New	SO072A	NRP: 7000 Tier 1:8800 Tier 2: 8200 Tier 3: 7000

ALOS: 1-2 days

Minimum qualification of the treating doctor: MS/MD/DNB/DGO/ Equivalent (OB&GYN)

Special empanelment criteria/linkage to empanelment module: Tertiary level facility (essential criteria) having Well equipped operation theatre with anaesthesia facility.

Disclaimer:

For monitoring and administering the claim management process of **Cone Biopsy**, NHA shall be following these guidelines. This document has been prepared for guidance of PROCESSING TEAM and TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM of AB PM-JAY for the claims of procedures mentioned above. The hospitals can also refer to this document so that they have the insight on how the claims will be processed. However, this document doesn't provide any guidance on clinical and therapeutic management of patient. In that respect the hospitals and physicians may refer to other relevant material as per the extant professional norms.

PART I: Guidelines for Clinicians and Healthcare Providers

1.1 Objective:

The purpose of this section is to act as a guidance & a clinical decision support tool for the clinicians in deciding the line of treatment, plan clinical management of patient and decide referral of cases to the appropriate level of care (as required) for treatment of patients under PMJAY and selection of corresponding Health Benefit Package.

It will also serve as a tool for hospitals to determine and submit the mandatory documents required for claiming reimbursement of health benefit package under PMJAY.

1.2 Clinical key pointers:

Cervical biopsy can be done in several ways (Punch biopsy/ Cone biopsy/ Endocervical curettage (ECC). Cone biopsy (conization) is a procedure done to remove a sample of abnormal tissue from the cervix. The tissue thus removed is sent for histopathology examination to test for abnormal/ precancerous conditions/ cervical cancer. It can be done both as a diagnostic and a therapeutic procedure.

Indications for Cone Biopsy (indicative list and not exhaustive):

- H/o post coital bleeding



- b. Discrepancy between clinical findings and PAP smear report
- c. Colposcopy showing inadequate delineation of transformation zone/ upper limit of abnormal area not visible

Contraindications:

- a. Too little cervix to excise due to previous excision
- b. Pregnancy (relative contraindication), should only be performed in cases of strong suspicion of invasive cancer
- c. Severe cervico-vaginal infection
- d. Patient is on anticoagulant therapy

1.3 Mandatory documents- For healthcare providers

Following documents should be uploaded by the concerned hospital staff at the time of pre-authorization and claims submission:

- i. **At the time of pre-authorization:**
 - a. Detailed Clinical notes with history, symptoms, signs, examination findings, indication for procedure and advice for admission
 - a. Other investigation report (such as PAP test, HPV test, Colposcopy report, etc.)
- ii. **At the time of claims submission:**
 - a. Detailed indoor case papers clearly indicating the need for performing the procedure
 - b. Detailed Procedure/ Operative notes
 - c. Pictures of gross specimen removed along with size of cone
 - d. Histopathology form confirming submission of specimen removed for histopathological examination
 - e. Discharge summary with follow-up advice

PART II: GUIDELINES FOR PROCESSING TEAM

PART III: GUIDELINES FOR TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (TMS)

3.1 Objective: To enable setting up of cross check mechanisms/rule engines within the IT platform (TMS) to ensure compliance with STGs and to prevent fraud / abuse of the Health Benefit Package.

3.2 Below mentioned are the scenarios where a provision would be built in TMS for pop-ups (at level of MEDCO):

- i. Was the clinical presentation, physical examination \pm supporting investigations indicative of procedure? Yes

3.3 Below mentioned are the scenarios where a provision would be built in TMS for pop-ups (at level of AUDIT):

- i. Was there a correlation of biopsy lesion with histopathology report? Yes



Till the time the functionality is being developed, the processing doctors shall check the above manually.

References:

1. Cone biopsy, WebMD, Jan 2020,
[https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003910.htm#:~:text=A%20cone%20biopsy%20\(conization\)%20is,cervix%20is%20called%20cervical%20dysplasia](https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/003910.htm#:~:text=A%20cone%20biopsy%20(conization)%20is,cervix%20is%20called%20cervical%20dysplasia).
2. Cervical biopsy, John Hopkins Medicine,
<https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/health/treatment-tests-and-therapies/cervical-biopsy>
3. Conization of cervix, Dec 2021, National Library of Medicine,
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK441845/>